

Congress.

Baltimore, Feb. 13.

Both Houses of Congress were engaged to-day in considering the private calendar. A bill to establish a Navy Yard in California was discussed in the Senate.

Baltimore, Feb. 11.

The House yesterday was engaged in considering the resolutions of the New Jersey Legislature, in favor of the Compromise and the Fugitive Slave Law. A motion to print the same, led to violent personal language between Mr. Stanley of North Carolina, and Mr. Geddes.

In the Senate an intervention speech was made by Gen. Cass. He deprecated any demonstrations of violence, and maintained the dignity of justice, of propriety, and of open declarations of opinion upon the subject of a violation of the law of nations, in order that silence on the part of America may not be construed into acquiescence.

Baltimore, Feb. 12.

The American Mail steamship Pacific arrived at New York this morning at 5 o'clock. She brings advices from Liverpool to the 28th, and from Havre to the 27th ult.—four days later than those previously received by the Europa.

The sales of cotton on Saturday, the 24th ult., the day the Europa sailed, amounted to 8,000 bales; on Monday to 10,000; on Tuesday to 16,000; and Wednesday to 10,000 bales, at an advance of 4d.

The demand for Cotton at Liverpool, on the 28th, was reported as good, and the market closed at the following quotations, viz: Fair Orleans 5 1/4; Middling do. 4 3/4; Fair Uplands 5 1/4; Middling do. 4 3/4. Of the four day's sales previous to the sailing of the Pacific, amounting in all to 43,000 bales, speculators took 8,000, and exporters 5,000 bales, leaving for the trade, 30,000 bales.

Consols closed on the 28th ult. at 99 1/2.

The latest intelligence from London, received by telegraph on the morning of the steamer's sailing, stated that a report of a threatened invasion of England by Louis Napoleon was quite current. Government, in anticipation of such an event, had ordered 30,000 stand of arms from Birmingham, and 25,000 were ordered from the provincial gunsmiths to London.

The London "Daily News" says that orders have been issued, recalling three of the principal vessels of war stationed on the Tagus, and to return with all dispatch to the English coast.

The London papers betray great trepidation, fearing a French invasion. They call upon the Government to recall all vessels of war.

FRANCE.—The news from France is interesting. Louis Napoleon has issued a decree, prohibiting the Orleans family holding property in France, and compelling all now held by them to be sold. He also cancels Louis Philippe's donation to his children, and directs its appropriation to other objects.

By another decree it is ordered that the officers of State shall wear dresses distinct from those of the State Council and Senate. Those of the Legislative bodies are rich, and resemble those worn under the empire.

Three attempts, it is said, have been made to kill Louis Napoleon. One, by an officer, who snatched a pistol in his face, and another, by the wife of an ex-prefect, who attempted to poison him.

All Representatives who were not embraced in the decrees of banishment are authorized to return home.

SPAIN.—Several military officers had been executed in Madrid. The last accounts, however, state that tranquility had been restored.

In France, the persecution of the Orleans family by the President, has caused a painful sensation throughout the country.

The "Monitor" publishes the names of the newly appointed Senate. M. Darbois is appointed Vice President; and, in the absence of the President, is empowered to discharge the duties of that office.

The last advices received from Paris states that more arrests and deportations had been ordered.

DECISION OF THE GAINES CASE.—By a despatch to the N. O. Picayune we learn that the Supreme Court of the United States has decided against Mrs. Gaines in the case which has for some time been pending.

The tariff movement in Congress does not go down, in spite of its special pleading of its outside advocates. We inserted the other day, the commentary of the New York Post on the subject—we subjoin another from the South Side (Va.) Democrat.

ANOTHER ASSAULT UPON THE SOUTH.—The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, explaining Senator James' project for revising the tariff of '46, says:

"He proposes simply to discriminate between high-priced and low-priced articles, entering into general consumption. The duty on the high priced article is to be increased, and that on the low priced article is to be diminished. By this means the heaviest burden will fall on the rich—the consumers of the costly articles; while the tax on the poor, the consumer of the low priced article, will be essentially reduced."

Now this sounds very plausible—to diminish the duty upon articles consumed by the poor, and to increase the tax of the rich. But the pretence is utterly hollow, and has no sort of connection with Senator James' real object. The factories of the South manufacture "low priced articles" at so small a cost that they have almost monopolized the manufacture of the coarser cottons, confining the North to the finer and more costly fabrics. Now, Senator James' project proposes to diminish the protection to Southern factories, and to increase the protection to Northern factories.—This is what it is in substance, and what it is intended to be. We have no objection to a general decrease of duties, but we are opposed to such a decrease as will benefit the North and injure the South.

SOME two or three weeks since, we stated on the authority of a Washington Correspondent, that Henry Clay was certainly in favor of General Cass for the Presidency—that he preferred him to any other man. Soon after the appearance of this statement, it was contradicted by several correspondents. The writer replies as follows, and he appears to speak "by authority."

"I notice that some of the papers seem to doubt my statement in regard to Mr. Clay having expressed a preference for Gen. Cass for President in 1852. I can only say that my statement is undoubtedly true, despite all contradiction. My authority is undoubted; it comes direct, and may be implicitly relied upon to the very letter. Not only has Mr. Clay expressed his preference for Gen. Cass over any other man, but should he die before that election, his views will be given to the people in writing, expressing his decided wish that the American people would elect Gen. Cass to that station without any opposition. 'I speak that which I do know.' Time will demonstrate its truth."

Judge Sharkey, it is said, is extremely dissatisfied with his position at Havana. The Captain-General refuses to recognize him as Consul, but has intimated that he will acknowledge him as Commercial Agent of the United States, if he will make the application. Judge Sharkey, however, it is alleged, has determined either to act as Consul or not at all.

TEXAS MUSKET GRASS on hand and for sale by LAMPKIN & WHITFIELD.

Sept. 20, 1851.

An extract from a letter, dated Washington City, January 15, published in the N. O. Delta, says that—

"Sears C. Walker, the celebrated astronomer, and, by large odds, the most distinguished mathematician in our country, has gone deranged." Night before last, whilst sitting late at his labors, he made a discovery, by which logarithms are rendered useless in mathematical calculations.—The most intense excitement followed, and he could neither sleep nor converse. He continued in this condition until yesterday, at noon, when his glorious mind gave way. It is hoped that the misfortune may be temporary, but the worst is feared."

VIRGINIA.—MR. HUNTER.—The Legislature on Thursday, 22d ult., re-elected the Hon. R. M. T. Hunter U. S. Senator for six years from the 4th of March, 1853. The vote stood for Mr. Hunter 126; scattering 63. This is a distinguished compliment, and one as richly merited as it was warmly and generously bestowed.

Mr. Hunter is at once a scholar, statesman and gentleman. Upon all important questions he has shown himself an able and dignified debater, while his labors in Committee have not been exceeded by any member of the Senate. Virginia is honoring herself in giving her confidence to such a man.

FORREST DIVORCE CASE.—Chief Justice Oakley this forenoon, after some little conversation between him and counsel as to the terms, ordered a decree to be entered in this case, dissolving the marriage tie. Mrs. F. to be at liberty to marry again, but Mr. F. not to marry again during the life-time of Mrs. F.; awarding to Mrs. F. \$3,000 a year alimony during her natural life, to date from the commencement of the suit, and that the sum of \$3,750, (according to the present time) together with taxed costs, be paid by Mr. F. forthwith—he to be at liberty to give satisfactory security for the \$3,000 a year, instead of being a lien upon his real estate—and she to resign her right of dower.

Mr. Van Buren obtained leave to enter, within 30 days, a case, or a bill of exception, on appeal to the General Term.—N. Y. Express.

Referring to the result of these and the other trials, the Southern Democrat makes the following pithy observations:

FINALITY OF THE COMPROMISE.—The Christiana rioters were acquitted of treason by the federal court in Philadelphia. We learn now that the grand jury of Lancaster county, Pa., has refused to indict them for violation of the laws of the State. Thus they escape all punishment. We think the finality of the compromise is pretty well established now. After the Boston rescue, the Syracuse riot, and the murder of Gerschw, we suspect nobody will attempt to test its validity.

WASHINGTON.—We find the following interesting paragraph in the January number of the Internationalist:

"It will gratify every reader of American history to learn that we are soon to have three phases of the character of Washington, presented by men so eminent as Daniel Webster, Mr. Irving, and Mr. Bancroft. Mr. Webster, we have reason to believe, has nearly completed his Memoir of the Political Life of the great Chief; Mr. Irving's work, which has been sometimes announced, will make us familiar with his personal qualities, and Mr. Bancroft's History of the Revolution will display his military career as it has never before been exhibited, as it can be presented by none but our greatest historian. The first volume of Mr. Bancroft's work on the Revolution is passing through the press, and will, doubtless, be published early in the Spring. It has been kept back by the author's failure to obtain, until within a few weeks past, certain important documents necessary to its completion."

MOBILE, FEB. 15th, 1852.

COTTON.—On Saturday, telegraphic dispatches were received announcing the steamer Europa, with Liverpool dates to the 24th ult., and advising the sale there for the week ending on that date, at 41,000 bales, with a firm and steady market.—This news induced our buyers to enter the market freely resulting in sales of 6000 to 7000 bales, at very full prices. The business of Monday was moderate, about 3000 bales changing hands, at outside figures. On Tuesday buyers again went into the market with much animation, and the sales of the day were 3000 bales at 7 1/2 to 7 3/4 cents for middling. Holders were rather high for buyers on Wednesday, and consequently but 3000 bales were sold, without change in prices. Thursday was a dull, quiet day, 2000 bales only being sold at rather easier rates. Yesterday, Friday, the morning opening quietly, but late in the day dispatches announced the arrival of the steamer Pacific, with dates from Liverpool to the 28th ult. Sales there, in three days, were reported to be 43,000 bales, at one-eighth of a penny advance. These advices caused a better demand, and sales were made of 3900 to 4000 bales, at very extreme rates. Total sales for the week are estimated at 27,000 bales taken principally for France and England. Eastern buyers participating to a very moderate extent.

Ordinary, 61 @ 6 1/2
Middling, 7 1/2 @ 7 3/4
Good Middling, 7 3/4 @ 7 1/2
Middling Fair, 7 1/2 @ 7
Fair, 6 1/2 @ 6 3/4

The receipts up to the latest dates at all the ports, give the following results:

INCREASE—New Orleans, 135,636
" Charleston, 1,270
" Texas, 3,602-140,708
DECREASE—Mobile, 26,613
" Savannah, 11,491
" Florida, 5,379
" Virginia, 1,784
" North Carolina, 470-45,737

Total increase this season, 94,971
The foreign exports this season, as compared with last, will exhibit a decrease:

INCREASE—To Great Britain, 96,135
" France, 10,774
" Other foreign ports, 2,262

Total decrease, 109,221
The increase in coastwise exports is 130,390 bales. The decrease in stocks at all the receiving ports is 144,832 bales.

Later from California.

BALTIMORE, FEB. 13.
The steamship Daniel Webster arrived at New York to-day, bringing San Francisco dates to the 18th January. The markets continue unchanged, with a moderate business doing. Extensive discoveries of gold have been made, yielding quartz which proved to be very rich. The weather is mild, and flowers are in bloom. Good order prevails throughout the country. The Legislature is in session at Sacramento.

Gov. BIGLER'S Inaugural says that the mines should be as free as air. The Indian difficulties are all settled, and Southern California is in a prosperous condition—the mines yielding extensively.

The Queen of Spain has notified Mr. Webster that she has released Mr. Thrasher.

[Written for the Southern Standard.]
Lines to my Sister on the Death of her Husband.

Sister! the Sun arose clear and bright on your
Bridal morn; and hope, delusive hope,
To a future pointed bright, as that
Morning's rosy dawning light above.
Though from thy father kind and mother fond,
Thy sisters' love and brothers' doting hearts,
Soon thou wast away to strangers going,
The glad, the joyous smile of early years
Danced in thine eyes—play'd on thy lips and brow;
Because a holy love, whose depth will never
Unknown, unto thee was given and by thee
Returned, Oh! the bliss of being loved
Above the world beside, and the right of
Giving back multitudes tenfold.

But soon! clouds obscured that rosy dawn,
And clouds your future darkened, sister, love!
Sickness' pale cheek—dim'd the lustrous eye;
Weakness' grew the frame of him you loved;
And ere three weeks had roll'd their ample round,
You closed his eyes in death—entom'd his
Mortal clay beneath the clouds, damp and cold;
And in that grave your dawning future set
A long, a dreary, starless, moonless night!

Oh sister, mine!
With deep, intensely anxious agony,
I watch'd thy tear dim'd eyes and pallid brow,
Thy quivering lips and wasting frame;
Mark'd thy heart's deep wild anxious throbbings,
The untold anguish of thy inmost soul.
Yea, in the deep stillness of midnight's hour,
Like the lone dove her lost mate moaning,
The faint, and moans of thy quivering heart,
Fell, like lava, on my list'ning ear,
Piercing, like a sharpened dart, my bosom's core.

Come darling one, and lay thy aching head
On thy sister's breast; share thy bitter grief
With her whose heart throbs for thee, anguished
Riven, sorrow stricken, agoniz'd one!
Oh! lay thy beating heart against mine own;
Let the "warm foldings of a sister's love"
Atone, in part, for him who hath been
Garner'd with the jewels of the King of Kings.
Ah! let me gently wipe the falling tear,
And softly, kindly, smooth thy troubled bosom,
Point thee to realms of light beyond the skies,
Beyond the moaning, stormy dome of night;
Beyond the blazing Sun, and brighter too
Than he; where thy soul's love doth sweetly sing
Amid the blood-washed thrones, hosannas
To the eternal Three in One.

Sister dear! He who deeply pierced thy heart,
Surely will the festering wound make whole;
Then trust Him! trust Him, weeping child of God.
Oh! turn thy streaming eyes and bruised heart
To that holy font of love welling,
Ever pure and bright, from the Sapphire throne
Of the Great I AM.
Oak Grove, Monroe county, Mo.

MARRIED.—On the 17th February, 1852, by Rev. A. D. Corbin, at St. Paul's Church, Columbus, Mo., WILLIAM S. ALDERSON, of Mobile, Ala., and Miss ELIZA WELCH, of Columbus, and formerly of Phila.
(?) With the above, the printers received their perquisite—a large and delicious cake, for which they return the happy couple their thanks, wishing them the fullest enjoyment and the richest blessings ever vouchsafed to mortals below.

On Tuesday evening the 17th inst., by Rev. S. R. FRIERY, MR. JACOB W. STONEY, of Ala., and Miss MARY A. SCALL, of this county.

OBITUARY.

Departed this life, near Owensboro, on the 13th inst., of croup, Miss FANNIE E. MAYO, aged 10 years.

My cousin Fannie, thou art more—the young, the innocent, the gay, gone forever, as a bright but fleeting vision—passed away like the glorious but vanishing tints of early spring morning—the opening rose blighted untimely, and fallen from the parent stem, to scatter its perfumed leaves and mingle with its mother earth. Oh! how can I gather sufficient fortitude to pay this poor tribute to her loveliness and sad fate. She had, by her ardentness and joyousness, made friends of all, young and old. She was beloved by all, and idolized by a widowed mother, of whom she was the pride and only solace; for her Fannie and in her Fannie that bereaved mother lived. No more will her bird-like carol soothe at eve that parent's lonely heart. And now who shall offer consolation, save Him on high, to whose decree, no matter how heart-rending, she always bowed in humility of spirit and with Christian faith? Oh! may that courage in the Lord not fail her now; may heavenly strength be given her to bear this bitter trial; may she view her beautiful and youthful daughter who, shielded by purity and innocence, has passed triumphantly through the valley of the shadow of death and has feared no evil, blessed now and forever, with immortal youth and beauty.

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS
WARRANTED
GARDEN SEEDS

Landreth's Garden Seeds just received by JAMES JONES & CO.

Jan 17, '51

JAMES JONES & CO.
HAVE just received a full assortment of "Select Powdered Medicines." These Medicines are put up by the first House that commenced this reformation in the United States, and have, since their commencement, continued to keep up the reputation first established. These Powders are put up in air-tight bottles, and each bottle enclosed in a neat paper box, excluding the rays of light entirely. Also,

Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient,
" Elixer of Turkey Rhubarb,
Powdered Ginger, Cinnamon and Cloves,
Chloroform, Sodide of Potassium,
Linosed Oil and White Lead,
Western strained Lard Oil,
Brandy and Wine, (medical)
Pratt's Artificial Nipples,
" Cupping apparatus, in case,
Thompson's Medicines &c., &c.,
At the sign of the NEGRO & MORTAR.
Jan 17, '51.

Daguerreotype Miniatures.
ROGERS & PALMER would respectfully inform the citizens of Columbus that they have taken rooms at the City Hall for a short time for the purpose of giving the ladies and gentlemen an opportunity of obtaining

CORRECT MINATURES
of themselves and friends, not surpassed by any elsewhere, without the trouble of going from home.

Miniatures taken single or in groups, without regard to weather, with or without colors, in the latest and most approved style of art, and neatly set in Locketts, Pins, Rings, Bracelets, Frames or Cases. Pictures executed in the Crayon or Magic Background style, if desired. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine specimens.
February 7th, 1852. 2-4f.

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEED,
JUST RECEIVED, WARRANTED, crop of 1851.
For sale by JAS. BLAIR.

7000 YDS. OSNABURG, Twilled and Plain
just received from Pulaski, Tenn., and for sale by HADEN & READ.
August 30, 1851. Agents

HEAD OF ALL OTHERS!
BECAUSE they are safer, better and more efficacious than any others; and because the public will take no others if they can get them.

Five hundred thousand boxes have been sold annually for the last five years. Young and old, male and female can always take them with equal safety, without fear.

It fills be necessary for purging and cleansing the stomach and bowels, and purging the blood and fluids of the body, take no other—no other pills produce those combined effects, or contain Sarsaparilla in their usual, eat, drink and live as usual, and pursue your usual occupation whilst taking them, without fear of taking cold, during all kind of weather.

One Thousand Dollars are waged that more genuine certificates (from physicians, Clergymen, Members of Congress and respectable citizens) can be produced of their efficacy than of any others, and Ten Dollars will be forfeited in every instance where one box will not do more good than two boxes of any other.

Forty Pills are in a box, and sold for Twenty-Five cents per box, with directions and much wholesome advice accompany each box. They have no taste or unpleasing odor—free from resin or powder of any kind,—do not gripe the stomach or bowels,—produce no sickness, vomiting or bad feelings. They are good at all times, and adapted to most diseases common to mankind.

No one having once taken them will be willing to take any others afterwards, because they always do good, and if they do not then no others will.

DR. N. B. LEIDY, the proprietor and manufacturer, is a regular Doctor, Chemist and Physician, of fifteen years experience in Philadelphia; Graduate of the University of Pennsylvania; member of different Medical Institutions of Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Baltimore, &c., and associate and corresponding member of several Medical Institutions of London and Paris; whence the reason of the greater confidence placed in his pills, and their being recommended in the practice of most respectable physicians throughout the United States.

Principal Depot, Dr. LEIDY'S DISPENSARY, No. 114, North Front St., Philadelphia—and sold wholesale and retail by JAMES BLAIR, Columbus, Mo.; Also, by COLEMAN & CLAYTON, Aberdeen, Mo.; J. OS. TUCKER, Mobile, Ala.; J. WRIGHT & CO., N. O.

C. S. FENNER, M. D.,
General and Ophthalmic Surgeon.
(Late of New Orleans.)
ABERDEEN, MISS.

HAVING established himself in Aberdeen, will practice exclusively as a surgeon, including the medical and surgical treatment of the diseases of the EYE. He invites the attention of persons requiring Surgical Operations, either for the relief of diseases, or the removal of deformities. Among the cases that can be cured within the department of the profession, he will enumerate a few, such as—

Operations for Hare-lip, Club-foot, contracted tendons—closed Jaws, the result of salivation—Lithotomy—Tumors of various kind—Strangulated Hernia—Aneurism—CATARHES cured without the aid of the knife if performed by the patient.

From his extensive experience in treating diseases of the eye, he is enabled to give relief in many cases that have been regarded as incurable, and would particularly ask the attention of those having Cataract, Pterigium, Opacity of the Cornea, or who have lost their sight from other causes, also those who have "SORE EYES" or long standing resulting in Granular lids—as he believes he can give entire and permanent relief in every case where the structure of the Eye is not destroyed by the inflammation.

Feb 7, 1852 2x

PIANO & FURNITURE WARE-ROOM.

J. WOMELSDORFF.
TAKES this method of informing the public that he has removed his Cabinet Ware-Room to the brick house on Market street, nearly opposite to the brick house of George Store, where he intends keeping on hand a well made assortment of

Household and Kitchen Furniture,
BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS, WARDROBES,
WASH-STANDS, TABLES, SAFES, LOOKING-GLASSES, CHAIRS, MATTRESSES &c., which he will sell at prices to suit the times, and has just received direct from one of the most celebrated Piano manufacturers in the United States, four choice

PIANOS,
which he will sell at small advance on New York prices for cash. Persons wishing to purchase would do well to call and examine for themselves.

N. B. In addition to the above branch of his business, he will personally attend to the duties of Undertaking with neatness and dispatch whenever called upon to do so.
J. WOMELSDORFF.
Jan 17, 1852. 51x

FURNITURE WARE-ROOM.

THE undersigned thankful to his friends for past favors, still continues at the old stand, where he will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

Cabinet Furniture,
CONSISTING IN PART OF
BUREAUS, WARDROBES, SAFES, BED-STEADS, SOFA BEDS, CHAIRS, OTTOMANS, MATTRESSES, LOOKING GLASSES, CHAIRS, &c.

He has also on hand, and will continue to keep
METALLIC COFFINS,
of all sizes. Also, Coffins made at the shortest notice—a good Horse and gentle horses furnished to the citizens of Columbus for five dollars.

J. N. GASTON.
January 17, '52 51x

IRON RAILINGS.

MORE & GALLAGHER,
CORNER of Broad and Coats Sts., Philadelphia,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Railings for fences and cemeteries, Veranda Railings, Balconies, Chairs, Tables, Benches, Dog's, Fountains, and every kind of fancy Iron Work, which will be warranted to equal designs, and at very low prices.

Mr. Richard Miller will receive orders and has the designs.
Feb 14 1852 3x

Administratrix Notice.
LETTERS of administration having been granted to me, at the February term, 1852, of the Probate court of Lowndes county, Mississippi, on the estate of Washington Wells, deceased: All persons having claims against the said estate, are hereby notified to present them within the time prescribed by law, and all persons indebted to the same, will come forward and make immediate payment.

SARAH WELLS,
Administratrix.
Feb 14 1852 3-3f

Insurance Notice.
THE members of the Columbus Mutual Insurance Company, will hold a meeting at the office of Hale & Murdock, in the town of Columbus, on the first Monday of March next, for the election of twelve Directors, at which place a poll will be opened at 10 o'clock, A. M., and remain open until 4 P. M. of said day.

A. MURDOCK,
Secretary.
Feb 14 1852. 3-3f

House, Sign and Ornamental Painting.

WOOD & CONWAY,
MARL STREET, Columbus, Mississippi,
GRAINING, GLAZING & PAINTING—HANGING N. B.—Country orders respectfully solicited, and punctually attended to.

Jan 24, 1852 52-6m

Administratrix's Notice.
LETTERS of administration of the estate of Henry Buchanan, deceased, were granted to me by the Probate court of Lowndes county, Miss., at the January term, 1852. All persons having claims against said estate, will present them for payment, duly proved.

R. BARRY,
Jan 10 '52. 50-6f Adm'r.

D. C. RICHARDS
BOOKSELLER
AND
STATIONER,
ALSO AN ASSORTMENT OF
PIANOS.
CORNER OF
MAIN AND ST. JOHN
STREETS,
COLUMBUS, MISSISSIPPI

BLANK BOOKS
AND
SCHOOL BOOKS,
OF ALL KINDS.
LETTER, CAP AND NOTE
PAPER,
Envelopes, Wafters,
TABS AND ETC.,
VISITING CARDS,
Lead Pencils,
INDIAN ROBBERS,
PARCHMENT, &c.

PROSPECTUS OF THE
CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE.

The approach of Congress calls for the renewal of my proposals and preparations to spread its debates before the public. The success which has hitherto attended this undertaking it is hoped will continue, and enable me to perpetuate the full history of the proceedings and decisions of the body on which the destiny of the republic depends.

The adoption of Congress has given the Globe an official character as the reporter of all that is said and done in the body. This sanction has been voted at every successive session for many years, and by members of all parties. The press, too, of all parties has borne testimony to the fidelity with which the duty thus confided has been performed.

The great celebrity with which the Telegraph-writers for the distant press circulate through the Telegraph their hurried accounts and views of the debates of Congress renders more important than ever, the full and exact official reports of the Congressional Globe. The history—and in many instances *ex parte*—relations by Telegraph of what occurs in Congress supersede, for the most part, the exact reports taken down by the reporters, and which formerly, in a shape more or less abbreviated, went the rounds of the press. Now the Telegraph accounts, with all their imperfections and variety of coloring, take the run of the country, and no press but the official of Congress ever publishes the full debate with the proceedings of both houses unimpaired. Indeed, no newspaper can give them and have room for advertisements and the miscellaneous matter essential to their existence. While therefore, the Telegraph administrators to the eager appetite of the public for Congress news, and to the necessities of the political press by furnishing a rapidly-written epitome suited to the taste of its patrons, perfect information of what passes in Congress, is greatly diminished. The circulation of the official reports have been, to some extent, cut off by the crude and diversified accounts which, flying along the electric wires, satisfy curiosity, and it is almost in vain that Truth puts on its boots to run of still there are a great many men of leisure and thought who like to see what is actually said and done in Congress, and to judge for themselves, rather than to receive impressions altogether from galvanic batteries. There are others, too, who, for the sake of the future, will patronize a work which preserves a full record of the doings of the great moving and controlling power of the republic.

The undersigned has made preparations commensurate with the increased importance of the duty he has undertaken as the only reporter and publisher of the complete debates and proceedings of both houses of Congress. The coming session will probably be extended nine months, and the reports will not be comprised in less than 2,500 royal quarto pages of brevier and nonpareil type, making four volumes of near 300 pages each. The reports for the last long session made 3,896 royal quarto pages, and were bound in four volumes, averaging 974 royal quarto pages each. I will publish in the Appendix for the next session, all laws that may be passed during the session, which has not been done heretofore. Although this will increase in no small degree the expenses of the publication, the subscription price will be the same that it has been for several years past.

The Daily Globe will be published during the session on a superfine double royal sheet. It will contain the debates taken down by the reporters, and as altered by the speakers, whenever they make any alterations, the current news of the day, and miscellaneous matter. The main object for publishing the daily paper, is to enable members to see their remarks in it and alter them if they shall think proper, before they are published in the Congressional Globe and Appendix.

The Congressional Globe is made up of the daily proceedings of the two houses of Congress, and printed as taken down by the reporters, and as altered (and nonpareil) in quarto form; each number containing sixteen royal quarto pages. The speeches of the members in this first form, are sometimes condensed, the full report of the prepared speeches being reserved for the Appendix. All resolutions, motions, and other proceedings, are given in the form of the journals, with the yeas and nays on every important question.

The Appendix is made up of the President's annual message, the reports of the principal officers of the government that accompany it and all speeches of members of Congress, written out or revised by themselves. It is printed in the same form as the Congressional Globe, and usually makes about the same number of pages during a session.

During the first month, or six weeks of a session there is rarely more business done than will make two numbers a week—one of the "Congressional Globe," and one of the "Appendix;" but during the remainder of a session there is usually sufficient matter for two or three numbers of each every week. The next session will be unusual for the next session, as the Congressional Globe and Appendix together will make at least 3,500 large quarto pages, printed in small type—brevier and nonpareil. Complete indices to both will be furnished at the end of a session.

I will endeavor to print a sufficient number of surplus copies to supply all that may be carried lost in the mails; but subscribers should be very particular to file their papers carefully for fear that I should not be able to supply all the lost numbers.

If subscribers shall not be satisfied with the work, the money paid for it by them, will be refunded to them whenever they return the numbers which may have been received by them. I will give subscribers the subscription price for any of the previous volumes of the Congressional Globe or Appendix, except for the last